# Quantification of fluid-structure interaction effects during water hammer in piping systems

# Quantifizierung der Fluid-Struktur Wechselwirkungseffekte bei Druckstößen in Rohrleitungssystemen

Der Technischen Fakultät der Friedrich-Alexander-Universität Erlangen-Nürnberg

zur Erlangung des Doktorgrades Dr.-Ing.

vorgelegt von

Stefan Riedelmeier aus Forchheim

Als Dissertation genehmigt von der Technischen Fakultät der Friedrich-Alexander-Universität Erlangen-Nürnberg

Tag der mündlichen Prüfung: 28.06.2016

Vorsitzender des Promotionsorgans: Prof. Dr. rer. nat. Peter Greil

Gutachter: Prof. Dr.-Ing. habil. Stefan Becker ass. Prof. Dr. ir. Arris Tijsseling

### Schriftenreihe des Lehrstuhls für Prozessmaschinen und Anlagentechnik

Band 31

## **Stefan Riedelmeier**

# Quantification of fluid-structure interaction effects during water hammer in piping systems

Quantifizierung der Fluid-Struktur Wechselwirkungseffekte bei Druckstößen in Rohrleitungssystemen

D 29 (Diss. Universität Erlangen-Nürnberg)

Shaker Verlag Aachen 2017

#### Bibliographic information published by the Deutsche Nationalbibliothek

The Deutsche Nationalbibliothek lists this publication in the Deutsche Nationalbibliografie; detailed bibliographic data are available in the Internet at http://dnb.d-nb.de.

Zugl.: Erlangen-Nürnberg, Univ., Diss., 2016

Copyright Shaker Verlag 2017 All rights reserved. No part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system, or transmitted, in any form or by any means, electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording or otherwise, without the prior permission of the publishers.

Printed in Germany.

ISBN 978-3-8440-5035-6 ISSN 1614-3906

Shaker Verlag GmbH • P.O. BOX 101818 • D-52018 Aachen Phone: 0049/2407/9596-0 • Telefax: 0049/2407/9596-9 Internet: www.shaker.de • e-mail: info@shaker.de

# Preface

This thesis was created during my employment as research engineer at the Institute of Process Machinery and Systems Engineering of the Friedrich-Alexander-Universität Erlangen-Nürnberg. I would like to thank several people who contributed to the successful completion of my thesis.

The first person is my supervisor Prof. Dr. Stefan Becker. I know him for nearly ten years now – from the basics of fluid mechanics to the defense of my thesis. He sparked my interest in fluid flows and helped me with my employment at the institute. We had a lot of constructive discussions and I appreciate his sociable character. Furthermore, he gave me a lot of freedom considering my scientific research. Thank you Stefan! I am glad that we stay in contact because of a joint project.

I also want to thank Prof. Dr. Eberhard Schlücker, who welcomed me at his institute and helped me to find an interesting research project. Additionally, he chaired the defense of my thesis. I enjoyed working at his institute. Thank you for your support!

The next person is ass. Prof. Dr. Arris Tijsseling. I appreciate a lot, that he was willing to act as second reviewer of my thesis. He always helped when I had questions and gave me good advice. Thank you Arris!

Prof. Dr. Kai Willner officially was the nonspecialist reviewer of my thesis. However, in my case, this title is strongly misleading. I know him as good lecturer from the studies of mechanical engineering. I am very glad that he was part of the thesis committee. Thank you!

The next block considers various people of the industry partner AREVA GmbH. When I had technical questions Dr. Werner Schnellhammer was always a reliable contact person for me. Even after his retirement, he joined the project meetings and enriched them with his knowledge. He taught me how to handle complex problems. Thank you very much Dr. Schnellhammer!

Ulrich Neumann was the driving force for the cooperation between my university and the industry. He was always interested in continuing the cooperation and supported it a lot. Thank you Mr. Neumann!

Furthermore, I had several additional contact persons: Margit Feulner, Christoph Keller, Thomas Seitz, Louise Duchene, Ludwig Obereisenbuchner, Dr. Miks Hartmann, Ingo Cremer and Christian Reinbrecht. Thank you all for your support!

Moreover, I would like to thank my predecessor Dr. Andreas Ismaier for constructing the water hammer test rig and performing the first measurements. I think he did a great job and I immediately could start with experiments. Thank you Andreas! Special thanks are due to my office colleagues Silke Hohls, Sven Münsterjohann, Matthias Springer and Till Heinemann. With you, there was a very nice working atmosphere. We helped each other and often had fruitful technical discussions. Occasionally, the office DJ played a song to improve the general mood after a long working day. My dog was also part of our team, which was made possible by Dr. Lüder Depmeier – thank you very much. Cindy helped to overcome times of listlessness and took care of the carpet. Thank you for the nice time!

I shared the test rig with Andreas Köhler. I would like to thank him for the uncomplicated cooperation and the mutual assistance.

When you work with a 70 m long test facility, you need support with various tasks such as design, construction, measurement technology and montage. Fortunately, I found a lot of help from lots of people at the institute: Claus Bakeberg, Alexander Beer, Werner Sippl, Piotr Reichel-Lesnianski, Oliver Weisert, Werner Polster, Bao Dinh Nguyen, Stefan Grünwald, Alexander Reichenberg and Florian Holler. Thank you!

My thanks also go to the students Lisa Kohles, Ulli Ballas, Katharina Jarosch and Jill Dilger, who helped with measurements and welding. Furthermore, I would like to thank Alexander Ruder and Dororthee Namislo for their bachelor theses.

I was very happy to see a lot of my friends, members of my girlfriend's family and members of my own family in the defense: Michael Burmeister, Alexander Kotz, Isabella Badum, Sebastian Lander, Johannes Weber, Jasmin Neidhart, Lisa Neidhart, Leo Neidhart, Lisa Kupfer, Marion Kupfer and Gerdi Kraus – thank you for your support!

I also would like to thank my grandmother Dorothea Riedelmeier, who supported me and provided her car when I had to drive to the university. Thank you Oma! In this context, I have to mention my deceased grandfather Alfred Riedelmeier<sup>†</sup> and my uncle Klaus Riedelmeier<sup>†</sup>, who were very interested in my studies.

Of course my parents also joined the defense. Sabine and Wolfgang Riedelmeier supported me my whole life. They teached me to be down-to-earth and have made me the person I am today – special thanks to you!

My girlfriend Jessica was very patient and had a lot of sympathy for my situation. I am very grateful to you. I think you were as happy as I was when I finished my thesis. I am looking forward to our additional time, which we now have together.

Forchheim, in December 2016 Stefan Riedelmeier

# Contents

Nomenclature					
A	bstra	et X	I		
Kurzfassung					
1	Intr	oduction	1		
	1.1	Motivation	1		
	1.2	State of the art and motivation for the work	3		
	1.3	Structure of the work	8		
2	Bas	c equations 1	1		
	2.1	Continuity and momentum equations	1		
	2.2	Thermal energy equation	2		
	2.3	Flow equations in pipe systems 1	2		
		2.3.1 Reynolds transport theorem	3		
		2.3.2 Continuity equation in 1D space	3		
		2.3.3 Momentum equation in 1D space	6		
	2.4	Water hammer	7		
	2.5	Method of characteristics	9		
	2.6	Structural mechanics of pipe elements	2		
		2.6.1 Tension rod	2		
		2.6.2 Torsion rod	3		
		2.6.3 Bernoulli beam	3		
		2.6.4 General one-dimensional element	5		
	2.7	Coupled equations	6		
	2.8	Two-mass oscillator	0		
3	Dar	aping 3.	5		
	3.1	Material damping	5		
	3.2	Fluid damping	0		
4	Tur	oulent pipe flows 4	9		

### CONTENTS

<b>5</b>	Experimental setup		
	5.1	Test facility	53
	5.2	Measurement equipment	56
	5.3	Axial flexibility of the piping system	59
6	Mea	asurements on junction coupling	61
	6.1	Variation of the initial mean flow velocity	61
	6.2	Variation of the bend geometry	73
7	Cou	ipled simulations	85
	7.1	Single oscillating bend	85
	7.2	Piping system model	97
8	Qua	antification of unsteady friction in transient pipe flows	113
	8.1	Oscillating pipe flows	113
	8.2	Water hammer flows	124
9	Eva	luation of the performance of 1D unsteady friction models	133
	9.1	Validation of the unsteady friction model implementation	133
	9.2	CFD simulation of water hammer	136
	9.3	Comparison of CFD and 1D calculations	146
10 Summary			157
Bibliography			162

Π